S.No. 1556

17UBA06/17UIB06/ 17UBAA09

(For the candidates admitted from 2017-2018 onwards) B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018.

Second and Third Semester

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

(Common for B.B.A. (IB)/B.Sc. Psychology)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Define human resource management.
- 2. What is job specification?
- 3. List out the contents of job description.
- 4. What is apprenticeship training?
- Define induction.
- 6. What is human resource development?

- 7. What is a behaviorally anchored rating scale?
- 8. What is transfer?
- 9. Define labour turnover
- 10. What is career planning?

SECTION B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choose either (a) or (b).

 (a) Explain the nature of human resource management.

Or

- (b) What are the objectives of job analysis?
- 12. (a) What is the need for manpower planning?

Or

- (b) Differentiate between selection and recruitment.
- 13. (a) What are the important types of selection tests?

Or

(b) Explain the advantages of interview technique in selection process.

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14. (a) Explain the significance of training.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on factors that influence quality of work life in Indian organizations.
- (a) Explain the advantages of potential appraisal.

Or

(b) What are the purpose of transfer and promotion?

SECTION C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- Briefly explain the functions of human resource management in detail.
- 17. Enumerate the manpower planning process in detail.
- Discuss the need and importance of training and development.
- 19. Comment on various sources of recruitment and their relative merits and demerits.
- Classify and discuss techniques of performance appraisal with suitable examples.

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17UECA03

(For the candidates admitted from 2017-2018 onwards)
B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018.

Second and Third Semester

Allied Course III — MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

(Common for B.B.A (CA)/B.B.A. (IB))

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Define 'business economics'
- 2. What is elasticity of demand?
- 3. Define 'Oligopoly'.
- 4. What is monopolistic competition?
- 5. What is GNP?
- 6. What is a cost curve?
- 7. State any two features of duopoly.

- 8. Differentiate between socialistic economy and capitalistic economy.
- 9. List out any three methods of measuring price elasticity of demand.
- 10. What is percapita Income?

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ Answer ALL questions. Choose either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the salient features of modern business economics.

Or

- (b) What are the objectives of a business firm?
- 12. (a) What are the characteristics of perfect competition?

Or

- (b) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of duopoly in brief.
- 13. (a) What are the attributes of production function?

Or

(b) Differentiate between internal economies and external economies.

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14. (a) What are the measures to control trade cycle?

Or

- (b) What are the major effects of deflation?
- (a) Explain the consequences of disequilibrium in balance of payment.

Or

(b) What is NNP? What is the purpose of it?

PART C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ Answer any THREE questions.

- 16. Comment on the factors that affect demand in detail.
- Elaborate how pricing and output decisions are made in an oligopolistic market.
- Briefly explain the laws of returns to sale. Describe them using iso-quants.
- 19. What are the main causes of inflation? How does inflation affect the economy?
- Enumerate the impact of current account and capital account on the balance of payment of a country.

Compute

- (a) Payback period
- (b) Average rate of return
- (c) NPV at 10% discount rate
- (d) Profitability index at 10% discount rate.
- 18. Discuss the sources of finance in detail.
- Elaborate the various determinants of dividend policy in a company.
- XY Ltd, a trading company provides the following information. Annual sales during the year was Rs. 24,00,000

Cost of production = 60%

Operating expenses 15%

Profit 25%

Average credit allowed to debtors 21/2 months

Average credit period allowed by creditors - 1 ½ months

Raw materials remain in store on average - 1 month

Processing period on average - 2 months

Finished goods remain in warehouse on average – 3 months

Bank overdraft Rs. 10,00,000

10% of the total working capital [including contingencies) is to be kept in hand for contingencies. You are required to determine the working capital requirement of XY Ltd. on the basis of the given information.

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17UBA05

(For the candidates admitted from 2017-2018 onwards)

B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018.

Third Semester

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Name the 6 A's of financial management.
- 2. State the objectives of financial management.
- 3. Write a note on Investment decision.
- 4. How do you compute pay-back period?
- 5. What is capital structure?
- 6. What are the types of leverages?
- 7. What is cost of capital?
- 8. What is weighted average cost of capital?
- 9. List out any two types of working capital management.
- 10. What is cash management?

. PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

11. (a) Outline the methods of financial management.

Or

- (b) Discuss the functions of a financial manager.
- 12. (a) Explain the various factors influencing capital budgeting decisions.

Or

- (b) The company wants to reduce its labour cost by installing a new machine. Two types of machines are available in the market, machine X and machine Y. Machine X would cost Rs. 18,000 where as machine Y would cost Rs. 15,000. Both the machines can reduce annual labour cost by Rs. 3,000. You are required to calculate payback period method of both the machine.
- 13. (a) What are the types of leverages?

Or

- (b) Describe the importance of capital structure.
- 14. (a) The source of capital structure are enumerated below:

 Source
 Rs.

 Equity share
 8,00,000

 14% preference share
 5,00,000

 10% term loan
 10,00,000

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The expected dividend on equity capital is 10%. The company tax rate is 50%. You are required to calculate the weighted average cost of capital, before and after tax.

Or

- (b) Explain the types of dividend policy.
- 15. (a) Write a note on cash and motives of holding

Or

(b) What do you mean by working capital management? Explain its importance in finance function.

> PART C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$ Answer any THREE questions.

- Define financial management. What are the objectives of financial management? Discuss in detail.
- 17. A company is considering an investment proposal to install a new milling control at a cost of Rs. 50,000. The facility has a life expectancy of 5 years without any salvage value. The firm uses SLM of depreciation and the same is used for tax purposes. The tax rate is assumed to be 35%. The estimated cash flows before depreciation and tax [CFBDT] from the investment proposal are as follows:

Years 1 2 3 4 5 CFBDT 10,000 10,692 12,769 13,462 20,385 (Rs.)

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(For the candidates admitted from 2017-2018 onwards) B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2018.

III Semester

MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

SECTION A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Define marketing.
- 2. What is market segmentation?
- 3. What is buying motive?
- 4. What is PLC?
- 5. State any 2 objectives of pricing.
- 6. What is product mix strategy?
- 7. Define publicity.
- 8. List out the features of advertising.

- 9. What is sales promotion?
- 10. What is relationship marketing?

SECTION B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions. Choose either (a) or (b)

 (a) Explain the scope of modern marketing in short.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on micro environmental factors influencing marketing functions.
- 12. (a) Explain the objectives of market segmentation.

Or

- (b) Why do we need to understand the consumer behavior?
- 13. (a) What are the factors that influence pricing decisions?

Or

- (b) Explain the important types of consumer products.
- 14. (a) What are the functions of advertising media?
 - (b) Explain the need for sales promotion in brief.

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15. (a) Explain the functions of a wholesaler in short.

Or

(b) What are the features of telemarketing?

SECTION C — $(3 \times 10=30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- 16. Enumerate the important functions of a marketing manager in detail.
- 17. What are the factors influencing buying behavior? Explain with examples.
- Classify the significant tools of sales promotion and its effectiveness in marketing of products and services.
- Enumerate the important phases of product life cycle and respective marketing strategies.
- 20. Comment on recent trends in marketing.

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